## McGILL UNIVERSITY

#### **FACULTY OF SCIENCE**

## **FINAL EXAMINATION**

## **MATH 355**

## Analysis 4

Examiner: Professor J. Toth

Associate Examiner: Professor D. Jakobson

Date: April 29, 2004

Time: 2:00 P.M. - 5:00 P.M.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

Calculators are not permitted. Each question is worth 10 points. Please show all your work.

This exam comprises the cover, and 1 page of 5 questions.

# **Mathematics 355: Final Examination**

- Each question is worth 10 points.
- No calculators are permitted.
- Please show all your work.
- 1. Assume that f(x,y) and  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}f(x,y)$  are both continous functions on  $R\times R$  and let  $[a,b]\subset R$  be any finite interval. Show that,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \int_a^b f(x, y) dy = \int_a^b \frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(x, y) dy.$$

Justify each step your argument carefully.

2. Let a > 0 and f(x) be a continuous function on [-a, a]. Compute the limit

$$\lim_{N \to \infty} N^{1/2} \int_{-a}^{a} e^{-Nx^2/2} f(x) dx.$$

Justify each step of your argument carefully. (Hint: Make a change of variables in the integral).

3. Let  $(X, \mathcal{F}, \mu)$  be a measure space, A and B be measurable subsets of X and  $S(A, B) := (A - B) \cup (B - A)$ . Show that, if  $\mu(S(A, B)) = 0$ , then, for every nonnegative measurable function f,

$$\int_A f d\mu = \int_B f d\mu.$$

**4.** Let  $B^n := \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n; |x| \leq 1\}$  be the unit ball in Cartesian *n*-space with  $v_n := \text{Volume}(B^n)$ . Show that

$$v_n = 2v_{n-1} \cdot \int_0^1 (1-t^2)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} dt.$$

Justify each step of your argument carefully. (Hint: Use Fubini's theorem.)

- 5. Let  $\chi_{[-1,1]}$  be the indicator function of the interval [-1,1] (ie. its characteristic function).
  - (i) Compute  $\widehat{\chi_{[-1,1]}}(y)$ .
  - (ii) Use the Plancherel formula to compute

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x}\right)^2 dx.$$

1