# McGill UNIVERSITY

## FACULTY OF SCIENCE

## FINAL EXAMINATION

## **MATH 263**

ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA

Examiner: Professor P. Bartello

Associate Examiner: Professor J. Xu Lin Ju

Date: Friday December 17, 2004 Time: 2:00 P.M – 5:00 P.M

# INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Please answer all 7 questions.
- 2. Calculators are not permitted.
- 3. Please answer in exam booklets provided.
- 4. This is a closed book exam.
- 5. Translation and Regular Dictionaries are permitted.
- 6. This exam consists of the cover page and 2 pages of 7 questions and 1 Page of a Table.

#### MATH 263 Final Exam - 17 Dec. 2004

- 1. (15 marks)
  - (a) Find the solution y(x) of the differential equation

$$2(xy^2 + xy)y' = y,$$

subject to the initial condition y(1) = 2.

(b) Find an implicit expression for the the general solution of the differential equation

$$(2xe^{x^2}y^2 + \frac{\sin y}{x} - 9)dx + (2e^{x^2}y + \cos y \ln x)dy = 0.$$

(c) Find the solution of the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3y^2 + 9x^2}{2yx}, \quad (x > 0)$$

subject to the initial condition y(1) = 1.

2. (10 marks) Use variation of parameters to solve

$$x^2y'' + xy' - 4y = 2x \quad (x > 0).$$

Note: marks will be awarded based on the method.

3. (15 marks) Consider the equation

$$y^{(4)} + \frac{1}{4}y'' = g(x).$$

- (a) Set g(x) = 0.
  - i. Convert this to a second order ODE and find its general solution.
  - ii. Using the Wronskian, verify that the solutions obtained are linearly independent.
- (b) Set g(x) = 2x + 4. Find the solution to the original fourth order ODE using undetermined coefficients.
- 4. (15 marks) (10 marks) Use Laplace transforms to solve the initial value problem

$$y' - 2y = \begin{cases} t & 0 \le t < 5, \\ 5 & t > 5 \end{cases},$$

with initial condition  $y(0) = y_o$ .

#### MATH 263 Final Exam - 17 Dec. 2004

5. (10 marks) Find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$\frac{1}{s^4(s^2+1)}$$

(b) 
$$\frac{s}{(s+1)(s^2+4)}$$

6. (a) (5 marks) Solve the system of equations

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 7$$
$$-x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 = -5$$
$$2x_1 - x_2 - x_3 = 4.$$

(b) (5 marks) Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 4 & -2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

 $7.~(10~{
m marks})$  Find the general solution of the system of differential equations

$$x_1' = x_1 + 4x_2$$
$$x_2' = \frac{x_1}{2} + 2x_2.$$

TABLE 6.2.1 Elementary Laplace Transforms

 
$$f(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(s)\}$$
 $F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$ 

 1. 1
  $\frac{1}{s}$ ,  $s > 0$ 

 2.  $e^{at}$ 
 $\frac{1}{s-a}$ ,  $s > a$ 

 3.  $t^n$ ;  $n =$  positive integer
  $\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$ ,  $s > 0$ 

 4.  $t^p$ ,  $p > -1$ 
 $\frac{\Gamma(p+1)}{s^{p+1}}$ ,  $s > 0$ 

 5.  $\sin at$ 
 $\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}$ ,  $s > 0$ 

 6.  $\cos at$ 
 $\frac{s}{s^2 + a^2}$ ,  $s > 0$ 

 7.  $\sinh at$ 
 $\frac{a}{s^2 - a^2}$ ,  $s > |a|$ 

 8.  $\cosh at$ 
 $\frac{s}{s^2 - a^2}$ ,  $s > |a|$ 

 9.  $e^{at} \sin bt$ 
 $\frac{b}{(s-a)^2 + b^2}$ ,  $s > a$ 

 10.  $e^{at} \cos bt$ 
 $\frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2 + b^2}$ ,  $s > a$ 

 11.  $t^n e^{at}$ ,  $n =$  positive integer
  $\frac{n!}{(s-a)^{n+1}}$ ,  $s > a$ 

 12.  $u_e(t)$ 
 $\frac{e^{-cs}}{s}$ ,  $s > 0$ 

 13.  $u_e(t)f(t-c)$ 
 $e^{-cs}F(s)$ 

 14.  $e^{ct}f(t)$ 
 $F(s-c)$ 

 15.  $f(ct)$ 
 $\frac{1}{c}F\left(\frac{s}{c}\right)$ ,  $c > 0$ 

 16.  $\int_0^t f(t-\tau)g(\tau) d\tau$ 
 $F(s)G(s)$ 

 17.  $\delta(t-c)$ 
 $e^{-cs}$ 

 18.  $f^{(n)}(t)$ 
 $s^n F(s) - s^{n-1} f(0) - \cdots - f^{(n-1)}(0)$ 

 19.  $(-t)^n f(t)$ 
 $F^{(n)}(s)$